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Foreign Crops and MARKETS



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DECEMBER 4, 1944

Issued by the OFFICE OF FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WASHINGTON, D.C.

UNITED KINGDOM'S GRAIN ACREAGE EXPANDED

The total area sown to grain crops in the United Kingdom has increased some 4 million acres since 1939, or an expansion of about 80 percent, according to information received in the Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations. With that increase Britain's grain acreage in 1943 and 1944 was at the highest level on record. The large expansion was made at the expense of permanent pastures and grasslands, which show a decrease of about 6.5 million acres during the period. The substantial shift to grains was achieved in response to the wartime need to reduce dependence on shipments from overseas.

UNITED KINGDOM: Grain acreage and production, average 1935-1939, annual 1940-1944

YEAR	WHEAT	RYE	BARLEY	OATS	MIXED GRAIN	TOTAL
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Acreage	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres	acres
Average 1935-1939 ...:	1,843	19	934	2,430	a/ 91	5,317
1940	1,809	22	1,339	3,399	262	6,831
1941	2,265	51	1,475	3,951	544	8,286
1942	2,516	70	1,528	4,133	546	8,793
1943	3,461	135	1,784	3,678	501	9,559
1944 b/	3,230	125	1,980	3,684	426	9,445
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Production	bushels	bushels	bushels	bushels	short tons	short tons
Average 1935-1939 ...:	62,361	345	36,596	138,628	a/ 82	4,525
1940	61,263	440	51,520	202,440	253	6,579
1941	75,338	1,040	53,340	227,220	491	7,697
1942	95,834	1,800	67,433	248,710	519	9,043
1943	128,762	3,800	76,580	214,130	441	9,675
1944 b/	117,300	3,600	81,621	213,570	394	9,390

From official sources except as otherwise stated.

a/ Data for England and Wales only, as reported by the International Institute of Agriculture.

b/ Preliminary.

Despite a large increase in the acreage devoted to food crops, and particularly grain, the total land available for cultivation is now reported at a figure 600,000 acres smaller than the comparable figure for 1939. About half of the reduction occurred in England and Wales and the remaining 300,000 acres in Scotland and Northern Ireland. Indications are that land taken out of cultivation for military uses has far outweighed reclamation schemes, which have brought considerable tracts of marginal and waste land under grain, as a war measure.

Almost equal areas have been diverted from other uses to wheat and to oats, the increase over 1939 being reported at 1.4 million acres for wheat and 1.3 million for oats. Barley also shows a sizable increase, with a gain of almost a million

acres, making the 1944 barley acreage about double its pre-war level. Increases in the rye and mixed grain acreages, while not a large part of the total, represent large percentage changes, rye acreage being about 7 times as large as in 1939 and the mixed grain area 5 times the 1939 seedings.

In addition to the expanded area, per-acre yields of all grains have increased during the war years. The resulting grain harvests have, consequently, more than doubled on a tonnage basis, during the war years. According to the official estimates now released for publication, wheat production reached a peak of 128.8 million bushels in 1943, and in 1944 was placed at 117.3 million bushels, compared with the 1939 outturn of 61.4 million bushels. The barley and oat crops for 1944 were estimated at 81.6 and 213.6 million bushels, respectively,

increases of 129 and 57 percent as compared with the 1939 estimates. The 1944 estimates place barley as a record crop, while the highest figure for oats was recorded for 1942.

Prices of wheat to producers have been fixed on a sliding scale, with a monthly increase set, as a premium for storage on the farm. Thus the 1944-45 price of millable wheat will increase from the initial price of 13s per hundredweight (about \$1.40 per bushel in United States currency) for August and September deliveries, to 15s 4d (\$1.66 per bushel) for deliveries in June and July 1945. In addition to the set price, acreage payments add to the producer's returns. The acreage payment for the 1944 crop was increased to 4 pounds (\$16.14) from the previous rate of 3 pounds (\$12.10) per acre. Present plans of the Minister of Agriculture call for a continuation of the acreage payments in 1945.

As a result of the increased bread-grain production, it has been possible to increase substantially the proportion of

domestic flour in the grist. At the beginning of 1944 home-grown wheat was reported to represent 55 percent of the total. In order to improve the quality of the bread, however, the minimum requirement for use of home-grown wheat was lowered to 40 percent as of October 1. The rate of extraction was to be lowered to 80 percent, after having been set at 85 percent since the introduction of the national loaf in 1942. The change was to be made in two steps of which the first, lowering the rate to 82-1/2 percent, was to become effective October 1. The pre-war extraction rate was 70 percent.

Improvement in the bread has also been made through a gradual reduction in the use of diluents. Whereas compulsory admixture of as much as 10 percent of rye, oats, and barley came into effect early in 1943, the use of oats and barley was discontinued and the use of rye had been reduced to 2-1/2 percent by the end of 1943. With the favorable 1944 harvest the Ministry of Food held out hope of restoring an all wheat bread.

Judith Edwards

MEXICAN WINTER VEGETABLE ACREAGE TO BE LOWER

Early reports from the principal winter vegetable producing areas of Mexico, located in the coastal States of Sinaloa and Sonora in the northwestern part of the country, indicate that plantings this season will be down considerably from those of 1943-44.

Tomato acreage will show a substantial decrease, according to trade estimates. In Sinaloa, indications are that only from 20,000 to 25,000 acres will be planted to that crop as compared with 44,000 acres in 1943-44. Tomato plantings in the State of Sonora are expected to amount to only about 6,000 acres compared with 9,700 acres last season. A very small acreage will probably be planted in Nayarit, which lies just to the south of Sinaloa. Total tomato plantings for the entire Mexican West Coast this season will be about 31,000 acres as against the estimated 54,000 acres under cultivation in 1943-44.

In past years most of the green peas exported from the West Coast area were grown in southern Sonora. Plantings of peas in Sinaloa were extremely light. This season plantings will be sharply reduced in Sonora because of a water shortage in the Yaqui Valley. On the other hand, some of the

large operators, who formerly grew peas in that section, now have established plantings in the San Dimas region of southern Sinaloa. Total plantings of peas in the two States this season are expected to run about 2,500 to 3,000 acres compared with 13,700 acres in 1943-44.

The acreage under green peppers and eggplant is not expected to show much of a change. Indications now are that about 3,400 acres will be planted to peppers and about 300 to eggplant and other vegetables.

Weather conditions thus far this year have not been too favorable to growing crops although no serious damage has been reported. Rainfall was far below normal during September and October, droughty conditions prevailing generally over the entire West Coast vegetable-growing region. Growers usually rely heavily on water for irrigation from the rivers which traverse the coastal plain where the vegetables are grown.

At the present time, however, the water level of the rivers is unusually low. Unless abundant rains fall along their sources in the near future, growers will be faced with a shortage of water for irrigation.

It is still too early to make a satisfactory estimate of the volume of winter vegetables likely to be exported to the United States and Canada during the current season. These will be governed in large part by conditions which may develop in the future.

Among the most important of these factors will be the acreage actually planted, weather conditions, the availability of transportation facilities, and the extent of the competition in United States and Canadian markets from vegetable growers in Texas, Florida, and Cuba.

According to current estimates of the Mexican vegetable growers some 5,400 carloads of tomatoes, 250 of green peppers, and 250 of green peas may be exported from Sinaloa and Sonora during the 1944-45 season, or approximately 25 percent less than last season.

Farmers in most cases have been unable to obtain new trucks for transporting their crops from the fields to the railroad. The majority of those now in use are in poor condition. Tires and inner tubes are sold at black market prices when available. Automobile and truck repair parts are very scarce and are also being sold at exorbitant prices. Oxen and carts are used to some extent but, generally speaking, this mode of transportation is considered unsatisfactory for perishables.

Some vegetable growers are disturbed by continued talk about strikes on the Sud Pacifico de Mexico Railroad. This road is the only medium for moving the vegetable crop to market. The general belief, however, is that the Mexican Government would not allow labor troubles to interfere with the operation of this railroad for an appreciable length of time.

It was thought a month ago that Cuban shipments of fresh vegetables would provide Mexico with a good deal of competition in the United States market this season. Cuban

exports have been curtailed over the past few years because of the shortage of shipping facilities. Indications were that more shipping space would be made available this season. This would make it possible for Cuba to regain a considerable part of her former position as a supplier of fresh vegetables to the United States during the winter months.

However, a hurricane on October 18 swept Habana and Pinar del Rio Provinces and seriously damaged the crop. Early tomato plantings were completely destroyed by the storm. As a consequence, few tomatoes will be available from Cuba before January or February. Cuban eggplant, peppers, and lima beans also were damaged. For those reasons it now appears that Mexican shippers are not likely to meet important competition from Cuban vegetables, especially tomatoes until next February.

Exports of tomatoes from Mexico usually begin in the latter part of November and extend until the latter part of May. The period of heaviest shipment takes place during the second half of March and during the first two weeks of April. If weather conditions are favorable, the export movement may run heavier than usual during the first part of the season. On the other hand, the volume of shipments may be disrupted somewhat during the season if weather conditions become unfavorable.

The actual length of the winter vegetable shipping season in Mexico largely depends on the supply situation in the United States. In 1943-44 about two-thirds of the total exports of tomatoes moved in March and April. Peas are mostly exported during January through April.

Nogales, a land port on the Mexican-United States border has been the exit point for at least 90 percent of the Mexican winter vegetables movement during the last five years. Exports through Nogales became so large in 1943-44 that difficulties were experienced in moving the cars across the border rapidly.

Based on Consular Reports from the States of Sinaloa and Sonora in Mexico.

LATE COMMODITY DEVELOPMENTS

GRAINS GRAIN PRODUCTS, AND FEEDS

MEXICAN CORN PROSPECTS FAVORABLE

The main corn crop now being harvested in Mexico is expected to be considerably larger than last year's small outturn, according to recent reports. Though official estimates are not expected to be available for some time, the Minister of Agriculture has announced that the crop is expected to cover domestic requirements, and possibly to provide a surplus. Any surplus that develops, however, is expected to be kept in the country as a reserve.

Since normal requirements are estimated to be about 80 million bushels, a crop of some 88 million bushels appears to be in prospect according to recent comments by officials. This contrasts with the situation in 1943 when a below-average crop of 70 million bushels was reported, and large imports were required to relieve the shortage.

Prospects for the current crop were more promising earlier in the season when private estimates went as high as 116 million bushels. The present forecast, however, takes account of serious damage to growing corn caused by the storms in September.

The area sown was reported to be about 10.3 million acres, which would be the largest acreage recorded. The Government had decreed an increase of 10 percent over last year's plantings, but present information suggests that the goal was considerably exceeded.

CANADIAN WINTER GRAIN ACREAGE REDUCED

The area sown to winter wheat in the fall of 1944 is estimated at 682,000 acres, which is a 5 percent decrease, compared with the area sown in 1943. The condition

of the sowings at the beginning of November was reported at 101 percent of the long-time average yield per acre, compared with 84 percent on that date of 1943.

Winter rye seedings are reported at 366,000 acres, a decline of 18 percent compared with the sowings a year ago. Principal reductions were reported for Saskatchewan, where the area was 62,000 acres smaller than a year ago, and in Manitoba. The condition of the 1944 seedings was placed at 89 percent of the long-time average compared with 78 percent a year earlier.

MEXICAN RICE PRODUCTION DOWN

Estimates of the 1944 rice crop in Mexico vary from 4,600,000 to 5,400,000 bushels (135 to 160 million pounds milled) compared with the officially estimated record crop of 5,682,000 bushels (166 million pounds) in 1943. No shortage of rice, however, is expected. Rice supplies available for Mexican consumption have increased since the war as a result of a gain in production of 1,500,000 bushels (45 million pounds) since 1939 and of the prohibition of exports beginning in 1943. The largest surplus exported before the war was 44 million pounds, and 51 million pounds were shipped in 1942, the last year in which rice was exported.

In the State of Sonora, where about half of the Mexican rice crop is being grown this year, harvesting is well under way, and will continue through December. The larger production this year is attributed both to increased acreage and to a higher yield, estimated at 36 bushels per acre. Although about 20 percent of the acreage was damaged by rains, about 80 percent is in excellent condition. The area planted to rice in this State has been expanded steadily during the past 10 years by means of additional irrigation and modern cultivation methods.

In the State of Morelos, which normally produces about one-fourth of the Mexican

rice crop, production this year amounted to 1,000,000 bushels (30 million pounds), or 285,000 bushels (8 million pounds) under that of last season. This State usually has the highest yield of any in Mexico, the average being around 70 bushels per acre. The balance of the Mexican crop is grown mainly in the States of Michoacan, Veracruz, Guerrero, Puebla, and Colima.

VEGETABLE OILS AND OILSEEDS

CANADIAN FLAXSEED PRODUCTION SLIGHTLY REDUCED

The Canadian flaxseed crop for 1944, amounting to 9,668,000 bushels, represents a decline of 4 percent compared with the September forecast. Most of the reduction occurred in the Province of Saskatchewan, where there was heavy rainfall while harvesting was in progress. Although this year's production is 43 percent below that of 1943, the yield averages about one bushel more per acre.

Deliveries of flaxseed in the Prairie Provinces have not kept pace with those of 1943. By November 2, 1944, only 61 percent of the crop had been marketed compared with 69 percent at the same time last year.

CANADA: Flaxseed area, production
and yield, 1944 with comparisons

YEAR	AREA	PRO- DUCTION	YIELD PER ACRE
	1,000 acres	1,000 bushels	
Average -			Bushels
1935-1939 ...	307:	1,508:	4.9
1940	382:	3,049:	8.0
1941	996:	5,788:	5.8
1942	1,492:	14,992:	10.0
1943	2,948:	17,911:	6.1
1944	1,323:a/	9,668:	7.3

Dominion Bureau of Statistics
a/ Second estimate.

COTTON AND OTHER FIBERS

PERUVIAN FLAX COMMITTEE FUNCTIONS ARE EXPANDED

A new flax resolution, announced in October by the Peruvian Ministry of Agri-

culture, made the functions of the Committee for the Control of the Flax Industry more specific than when it was first established last May. The resolution now covers all activities relating to the cultivation, industry, and commerce in flax.

The Committee will prescribe standards, set up rules for preparation of the fiber, determine the classification and grading of flax fiber and products, establish and regulate trade controls, keep informed on world trade and changes in supply and demand, supply information in answer to inquiries concerning various phases of the industry, and make recommendations to the National Government for needed laws, decrees, and resolutions.

The new resolution also increases the number of members of the Committee by the inclusion of two representatives from the Sierra region. One will be chosen from the producers and the other from the scutching mills. This resolution is another step in a program, which began shortly before the war, to encourage expansion and improvement in the flax industry. Crop rotation and regulation of planting dates were previously put into operation.

MEXICO EXPORTS BEAR GRASS FOR BROOMS

Mexico has exported 31,000 pounds of bear grass to the United States since the trade began last July. The fiber is used by broom manufacturers to supplement insufficient supplies of broomcorn.

Bear grass denotes the smaller species of the Yucca, as compared with the larger species represented by the Spanish-bayonet and Spanish-dagger. It grows wild and is abundant both in Mexico and in the southern part of the United States. During World War I the plant was cut for fiber in Texas and New Mexico and the roots were used as fodder. Present labor shortages are deterrent to commercial exploitation in the United States. Leaves are now being gathered from the large supply in the Mexican State of Sonora. The fiber is separated from the leaf pulp, and cut into lengths of 16 inches for shipping.

Wages in Mexico now amount to an average cost of less than 2 cents per pound for the

first and second cuttings of green leaves. However, the weight of the prepared fiber is much less than the green weight. The fiber is taxed in both countries. An appraisal tax is levied in Mexico which amounts to nearly 0.5 cents per pound and in the United States the import tax is 20 percent ad valorem.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, AND NUTS

SMALLER LIME HARVEST IN MEXICO

The 1943-44 lime crop of Mexico, harvesting of which was completed in October, is estimated unofficially at about 862,000 boxes. This represents a substantial reduction from 1,150,000 boxes produced in 1942-43.

In Michoacan, the leading lime producing state of Mexico, production was cut by unfavorable weather conditions and a lack of sufficient moisture during the first half of the season. Some damage also was caused by eruptions of the new volcano, "Paricutin." In the State of Colima the crop was reduced by droughty weather condition and infestation of citrus black fly. The West Coast State of Guerrero also reports a smaller production this year. The only important State reporting an increase in production was Veracruz.

As a result of the smaller crop this season exports of limes were at a reduced level, amounting to only about 35 percent of those from the 1942-43 crop. Lime exports from Mexico have been declining since 1935-36. Pre-war exports averaged over 100,000 boxes yearly. Currently they are only about 20 percent of that amount.

SMALLER CUBAN BEAN CROP EXPECTED

Indications are that September and October plantings in Cuba for dry edible beans were 5 to 10 percent less than the average of pre-war years when Cuba produced 90 to 100 million pounds annually. The reduction resulted from scarcity of seed, a hurricane in mid-October, high labor costs

from recent compulsory wage increases and from alternative employment opportunities deriving from the increased attention to sugar production. Because of exceptional war demands growers had been urged by the Cuban Ministry of Agriculture to increase their production this year. Apparently, however, these efforts were not successful.

Black beans are a staple food in Cuba in which the Island is usually self-sufficient. Production averages about 70 million pounds annually. The principal crop is planted in September and October and harvested in December and January. Early in 1944 supplies became scarce because of increased demand. By mid-summer few beans were available outside of relatively small black market stocks which were offered at very high prices. The Cuban Government thereupon arranged to import a large quantity of seed-beans from Mexico. However, most of the seed arrived too late for planting.

Plantings of other varieties of beans, principally red kidney, normally produce about 25 million pounds annually. In addition, Cuba usually imports substantial quantities of red and white beans. Since last spring, however, imported red kidney beans have been very scarce. Current receipts from Chile went into immediate consumption, usually through black markets and seed stocks this fall were negligible. The net result is that all bean plantings are believed to have been less than in 1943, and less than in pre-war years.

Relatively high prices to growers have failed to stimulate or even to maintain production at desired levels. Cuban price regulations have established a minimum price to growers at \$5.70 per 100 Spanish pounds for black beans delivered in bags at railroad stations, and \$9.00 per 100 pounds for red beans. These prices are more than double the prices which prevailed two years ago.

The exceptionally great demand for foodstuffs in Cuba, and the scarcities of black beans and locally produced foods, are causing near record imports this year of dry edible beans, chickpeas, dried peas, and lentils.

ARGENTINE EARLY POTATO ACREAGE UP

According to the first official estimate the area planted in Argentina to early potatoes for the 1944-45 crop is 149,000 acres. This constitutes an increase of 9,000 acres over 1943-44 plantings. The increase is largely in the Province of Santa Fe which usually has around 73 percent of the total potato acreage of the country. All other producing areas, except Catamarca, report decreases in the area planted in comparison with last season. Small plantings are most evident in the Provinces of Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Santiago del Estero, which form the region that usually markets its crop first. Growing conditions are reported to be good in all the areas.

LIVESTOCK AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS

CANADA MARKETS MORE CATTLE AND SHEEP BUT FEWER HOGS THIS FALL

Livestock marketings in Canada continue to tax the capacity of packing plants. The large marketing of cattle, sheep, and lambs in the second week of November was causing some concern to handlers and processors in Eastern Canada. Conditions at Toronto became such that it was found necessary to place restrictions on shipments of cattle to that market until stocks were cleared. Montreal was in a similar position. Due to precautions taken the preceding week, cattle receipts at western markets were smaller than in earlier weeks. Warnings had been sent out to hold back shipments as much as possible. Fall marketing of hogs have been lighter than a year ago.

Cattle marketings at stockyards and packing plants reached 1,259,000 head for the year through November 16 (46 weeks), an increase of 21 percent above a year earlier - while the increase in the number of calves marketed was 8 percent. From time to time there has been considerable agitation on the part of Canadian cattlemen for a lifting of the restrictions on the export of beef cattle to the United States, but these restrictions still remain in force.

Under the new agreement with the United Kingdom, Britain will take all surplus Canadian beef and has agreed to purchase at least 112 million pounds in 1944 and 134 million pounds in 1945, if available. Therefore, any relaxation of the restrictions on exports to the United States are not contemplated at present.

CANADA: Livestock marketings, January 1- November 16, 1944, with comparison

CLASSIFICATION	CATTLE		CALVES	
	1943	1944	1943	1944
	Thou- sands	Thou- sands	Thou- sands	Thou- sands
Sales at public stockyards	702	840	352	375
Shipments to packing plants	336	419	240	265
Total	1,038	1,259	592	640
	HOGS		SHEEP	
	1943	1944	1943	1944
	Thou- sands	Thou- sands	Thou- sands	Thou- sands
Sales at public stockyards	789	1,030	330	369
Shipments to packing plants	a/5,685	a/7,539	727	823
Total	6,474	8,569	1,057	1,192

Livestock Market Review
a/ Hog carcasses graded.

Marketings of hogs thus far this year have been very heavy. Sales at stockyards and gradings at packing plants from January 1 to November 16 totaled 8,569,000, an increase of 32 percent above those for the corresponding period last year. The Dominion Government is paying a premium of \$3.00 (Canadian) per head on Grade A hogs and \$2.00 on Grade B hogs delivered direct to inspected plants. Since the beginning of September, however, weekly hog marketings have been smaller than the record marketings of last season. This reflects the smaller spring pig crop this year.

The number of sheep and lambs marketed in the 46-week period reached 1,192,000 head or 13 percent above a year earlier. Since the lifting of the wartime restrictions on

the exportation of live sheep and lambs on September 29, 93,647 market and feeder lambs have been shipped to the United States through November 16.

ARGENTINE LIVESTOCK MARKETINGS AND EXPORTS LARGER

Marketings of cattle, hogs, and sheep in Argentina continue larger than a year ago. Hog and sheep marketings have shown an upward trend for the past 5 years, but cattle slaughter fell off after reaching a peak in 1941. During the Argentine winter months (June-August) cattle marketings showed the usual seasonal decline. Marketings of sheep, however, were larger than a year earlier, while hog marketings during July to September were approximately 40 percent above a year ago.

Slaughter and production of meat for export and domestic consumption in packing houses for the first 7 months of the calendar year show that considerably more beef has been produced this year than a year ago. Beef production for these months reached 1,091 million pounds and was 14 percent above that for the same period in 1943 when production was greatly reduced as the result of the drought in the last half of 1942 and early 1943. Production of pork, and mutton and lamb during the same period, exceeded that of last year by 26 percent and 7 percent, respectively. Frozen meat represented the bulk of the meat output of packing plants, the total amounting to 1,600 million pounds, whereas canned meat production during the same period amounted to 90 million pounds. Both types showed increases of 15 percent above the first 7 months of 1943.

Exports of all meats, on an actual weight basis, including frozen, salted, canned, cured, and dehydrated totaled 928 million pounds for the 7-months period, an increase of 26 percent above those for the corresponding period of 1943. Beef and veal exports increased 12 percent, pork 41 percent, and mutton and lamb 57 percent. Cabled reports indicate that meat exports for the 9 months of the year are still 26 percent above those for the same period of 1943.

ARGENTINA: Livestock slaughter and meat production in packing plants, 7 months January-July, 1942-1944

PERIOD	LIVESTOCK	MEAT
	SLAUGHTER	PRODUCTION
	Thousand head	Million pounds
Cattle and calves :		
1942	2,269	1,270
1943	1,801	957
1944	1,818	1,091
Sheep and lambs :		
1942	4,570	178
1943	6,102	242
1944	6,365	258
Hogs :		
1942	755	144
1943	1,496	274
1944	1,828	344

Compiled from official sources.

Comparisons on an actual weight basis are not strictly accurate owing to the fact that large quantities are now shipped boneless, and canned. The variation between 1943 and 1944 is not great, however, because about 98 percent of the frozen beef was shipped boneless in each of these years, and there has not been a great variation in the quantities of canned meat exported.

On a dressed weight basis beef exports for the first 7 months of 1944 approximated 859 million pounds, or 19 percent above those for the same period in 1943. At that rate beef shipments in 1944 may approximate those of 1942, when they reached 1,600 million pounds.

Most of the meat exported from Argentina has gone to the United Kingdom. The proportion of total exports going to that destination this year on an actual weight basis were as follows: Beef and veal 87 percent, pork 86 percent, mutton and lamb 95 percent.

ARGENTINA: Meat exports, 7 months

PRODUCT	1943	1944
	Million pounds	Million pounds
Beef and veal	483	542
Pork	106	149
Mutton and lamb	105	165
Others	43	72
Total	737	928

Compiled from official sources.

LATE REGIONAL DEVELOPMENTS

FRENCH MOROCCO INSTITUTES COMPULSORY AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION

Inauguration for the forthcoming agricultural year of a campaign to bring about a marked increase in the cultivation of crops and the production of cattle, sheep, and hogs, was announced officially in French Morocco on October 6.

A decree as of that date stated that the goal was maximum production for all commodities of agricultural or animal origin in general use in order to ensure domestic supplies and to augment Morocco's participation in the war effort and in the provisioning of liberated France.

The decree provides that no land shall remain fallow. All areas of land in excess of 2 hectares (5 acres) must be declared by the owner. This declaration must indicate the different crops which the owner

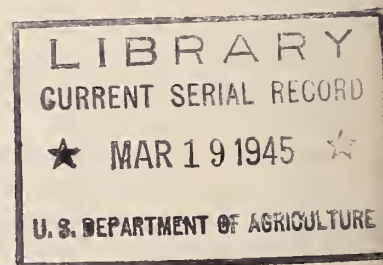
intends to raise during the agricultural season extending from October 1, 1944 to September 30, 1945. The local authorities will take such measures as are necessary to substitute another producer for a defaulting producer.

The decree provides also that while the crops to be grown will be those generally produced in the region, the Government reserves the right to make such changes in declared intentions to plant as may be necessary for the complete attainment of the food program. In that connection it already has been decreed that one-tenth of the cultivated area must be devoted to oleaginous plants.

All producers must ensure the provisioning of their permanent laborers and the feeding of their livestock. The decree provides also for the maintenance of specified livestock numbers and for fixed minimum deliveries to marketing centers.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OFFICE OF FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS
WASHINGTON, D. C.

OFFICIAL BUSINESS



Foreign Crops and MARKETS



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MONTHLY SUPPLEMENT

ISSUED

DECEMBER 9, 1944

UNITED STATES FOREIGN TRADE

IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

SEPTEMBER 1944

WITH COMPARISONS

Issued by the OFFICE OF FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS
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Imports (for consumption) of specified agricultural products, January-September and September 1943 and 1944	28

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Note: Except as otherwise noted, all trade figures in this publication are compiled from publications and official records, Bureau of the Census.

Until further notice, no analysis of United States foreign trade in agricultural products will accompany the tables published in the monthly foreign-trade supplement of Foreign Crops and Markets.

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SUMMARY TABLE: Quantity indexes of foreign trade in agricultural products, adjusted for seasonal variation, September 1944, with comparisons

Commodity or commodity group	1944								
	September								
	1941	1942	1943	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
January 1924 - December 1929 = 100:									
EXPORTS									
All agricultural commodities a/.	48	60	79	65	87	71	81	66	68
Cotton fiber, incl. linters ..	24	18	17	19	14	12	30	10	5
All commodities except cotton.	70	99	138	108	155	126	128	118	126
Tobacco, unmanufactured	49	72	92	69	88	80	138	78	80
Fruits	50	28	52	110	183	171	73	55	49
Wheat and wheat flour	27	6	11	39	30	32	32	20	11
Grains, other than wheat and flour	37	11	27	40	20	40	45	27	17
Pork, cured	46	115	111	99	108	39	21	80	15
Lard, including neutral	78	90	119	53	92	229	203	187	147
IMPORTS									
All agricultural commodities b/.	107	62	101	98	115	95	97	77	82
Complementary c/	89	30	64	59	98	72	66	43	48
Supplementary c/	130	104	150	149	137	124	137	114	126
Sugar	57	28	73	78	87	83	80	66	71
Supplementary, except sugar .	157	132	178	175	156	140	158	132	146
Wool, excl. free for carpets	631	615	988	307	387	525	753	477	591
Hides and skins	124	158	75	49	62	56	72	67	53
Dairy products	19	31	21	22	7	2	3	3	2
Vegetable oils and oilseeds.	139	31	52	55	64	47	35	74	61
Grains, grain products, and feeds	115	81	611	185	1231	841	624	731	705
Tobacco, leaf	96	152	76	59	64	63	76	83	82

a/ Based on 74 classifications.

b/ Based on 122 classifications.

c/ Supplementary agricultural imports consist of all imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States, together with all other agricultural imports interchangeable to any significant extent with such United States commodities. Complementary agricultural imports include all others, about 95 percent of which consist of rubber, coffee, raw silk, cacao beans, wool for carpets, bananas, tea, and spices.

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SUMMARY TABLE: Value of foreign trade in agricultural products, July-September 1943 and 1944

Commodity or commodity group	July-September			a/ increase (+) or decrease (-)
	1943	1944	1944	
	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	Percent
Agricultural products:				
Exports	628,861	534,914	-93,947	-15
Imports, supplementary	266,532	266,795	+263	+b/
EXPORTS (domestic)				
Total exports, all commodities	3,663,370	3,577,272	-86,098	-2
Agricultural	628,861	534,914	-93,947	-15
Cotton and linters, unmanufactured ..	77,864	19,403	-58,461	-75
Agricultural, other than cotton ...	550,997	515,511	-35,486	-6
Principal fruits and prep.	21,065	23,916	+2,851	+14
Tobacco, unmanufactured	47,328	45,727	-1,601	-3
Grains and flours	27,592	30,892	+3,300	+12
Oil cake and oilcake meal	166	189	+23	+14
Pork and lard	118,404	112,183	-6,221	-5
Canned meats, except pork	127,514	55,251	-72,263	-57
Dairy products	56,057	85,310	+29,253	+52
Eggs and egg products	51,772	70,609	+18,837	+36
Principal vegetables and prep. ..	13,126	12,639	-487	-4
Linseed oil	12,844	20,386	+7,542	+59
Other agricultural	75,129	58,409	-16,720	-22
IMPORTS (for consumption)				
Total imports, all commodities	888,046	853,794	-34,252	-4
Complementary agricultural	132,559	119,128	-13,431	-10
Supplementary agricultural	266,532	266,795	+263	+b/
Sugar, excluding beet	55,536	48,092	-7,444	-13
Principal vegetable oils, expressed ..	6,397	11,752	+5,355	+84
Hides and skins	13,920	15,210	+1,290	+9
Tobacco, unmanufactured	8,161	13,395	+5,234	+64
Flaxseed	8,953	3,535	-5,418	-61
Wool, unmf'd., excl. free for carpets ..	62,108	38,483	-23,625	-38
Cattle, dutiable	2,246	1,283	-963	-43
Nuts and preparations	517	5,891	+5,374	+1039
Cheese	877	142	-735	-84
Cotton and linters, unmanufactured ..	4,173	4,210	+37	+1
Beef, canned, including corned	7,912	6,392	-1,520	-19
Molasses	5,718	10,907	+5,189	+91
Principal feeds and fodders	2,206	1,873	-333	-15
Other supplementary agricultural ..	87,808	105,630	+17,822	+20

a/ Corrected to November 15, 1944. b/ Less than five-tenths percent.

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SUMMARY TABLE: Quantity indexes of foreign trade in agricultural products,
July-September 1944 with comparisons a/

Commodity or commodity group	July-September						Increase(+) or decrease (-) of 1944 from 9-year average
	9-year average:						
	1930-						
	1938	1941	1942	1943	1944	1944	
<hr/>							
January 1924 - December 1929 = 100							
<hr/>							
EXPORTS							
All agricultural commodities b/	57	43	50	82	62	+5	
Cotton fiber, incl. linters .	61	16	12	33	8	-53	
All commodities except cotton	54	67	85	129	112	+58	
Tobacco, unmanufactured ...	78	62	64	100	77	-1	
Fruits	104	48	33	57	51	-53	
Wheat and wheat flour	44	24	13	19	24	-20	
Grains, other than wheat and flour	40	44	30	35	29	-11	
Pork, cured	26	41	113	97	41	+15	
Lard, including neutral ...	39	74	75	124	154	+115	
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IMPORTS							
All agricultural commodities c/	93	113	56	86	76	-17	
Complementary d/	103	110	33	63	53	-50	
Supplementary d/	81	116	86	117	106	+25	
Sugar	85	68	33	86	75	-10	
Supplementary, except sugar.	79	135	105	128	117	+38	
Wool, excluding free for carpets	32	393	499	547	366	+334	
Hides and skins	73	137	136	73	70	-3	
Dairy products	48	22	31	21	2	-46	
Vegetable oils and oilseeds	111	114	33	51	54	-57	
Grains, grain products, and feeds	220	203	51	635	662	+442	
Tobacco, leaf	56	79	95	63	68	+12	
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a/ Average of monthly index not adjusted for seasonal variation.

b/ Based on 74 classifications.

c/ Based on 122 classifications.

d/ Supplementary agricultural imports consist of all imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States, together with all other agricultural imports interchangeable to any significant extent with such United States commodities. Complementary agricultural imports include all others, about 95 percent of which consist of rubber, coffee, raw silk, cacao beans, wool for carpets, bananas, tea, and spices.

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SUMMARY TABLE: Value of foreign trade, monthly average, 1932-33 to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date

Year and month	Domestic exports				Imports (for consumption) a/			
	All	Agricultural			All	Agricultural		
	commodi- ties	Total	Cotton, unmfd.	Agri., excl. cotton	commodi- ties	Total	Supple- mentary	Comple- mentary
Monthly average	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars
1932-33	117.8	49.1	27.0	22.1	97.3	51.1	23.5	27.6
1933-34	167.4	65.6	36.9	28.7	139.5	69.9	34.9	35.0
1934-35	173.8	55.7	27.8	27.9	149.1	77.8	41.5	36.3
1935-36	198.0	63.9	33.2	30.7	184.0	95.1	53.5	41.6
1936-37	232.6	61.0	31.9	29.1	241.0	128.1	72.3	55.8
1937-38	280.1	74.2	26.0	48.2	194.2	96.3	49.0	47.3
1938-39	240.4	56.9	14.9	42.0	173.2	83.2	40.5	42.7
1939-40	312.0	61.5	28.9	32.6	204.0	103.2	47.6	55.6
1940-41	329.9	29.2	5.6	23.6	234.1	122.7	52.3	70.4
1941-42	529.2	85.8	8.1	77.7	256.0	125.2	64.0	61.2
1942-43	829.4	124.0	11.3	112.7	250.4	112.7	81.0	31.7
1943-44	1,190.8	189.1	12.1	177.0	316.4	148.6	104.3	44.3
1942-43 Prel. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
October	793.7	128.6	19.1	109.5	223.4	99.2	73.0	26.2
November	779.9	96.1	7.4	88.7	186.9	74.1	56.7	17.4
December	864.9	113.9	5.6	108.3	407.1	196.6	155.9	40.7
January	722.3	112.6	4.5	108.1	246.2	119.4	88.0	31.4
February	710.7	124.2	4.3	119.9	244.9	120.2	93.0	27.2
March	973.8	162.2	7.7	154.5	264.1	122.3	79.5	42.8
April	969.6	137.7	11.8	125.9	267.6	124.2	81.5	42.7
May	1,076.0	141.3	8.7	132.6	285.4	131.1	89.9	41.2
June	995.4	176.2	40.9	135.3	287.6	124.8	84.8	40.0
1943-44 Prel. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	1,253.5	178.7	26.0	152.7	296.0	141.9	97.9	44.0
August	1,191.4	220.4	36.1	184.3	306.8	131.1	86.8	44.3
September	1,218.5	230.6	15.7	214.9	285.3	136.2	92.0	44.2
October	1,187.3	217.8	13.5	204.3	317.3	146.6	110.9	35.7
November	1,060.3	155.0	6.8	148.2	302.0	119.1	88.3	30.8
December	1,231.7	218.2	8.1	210.1	274.2	108.4	78.6	29.8
January	1,081.4	169.4	7.1	162.3	304.3	148.8	108.2	40.6
February	1,074.2	139.0	4.7	134.3	303.9	143.4	105.4	38.0
March	1,147.6	162.7	4.7	158.0	357.4	178.1	112.7	65.4
April	1,171.8	169.6	10.7	158.9	355.5	186.3	141.6	44.7
May	1,409.3	231.9	6.8	225.1	372.2	194.9	128.9	66.0
June	1,262.9	178.1	5.0	173.1	316.4	148.0	99.6	43.4
1944-45 Prel. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	1,191.2	173.1	11.0	162.1	283.2	139.1	92.5	46.6
August	1,193.6	160.6	3.7	156.9	297.0	121.2	84.5	36.7
September	1,132.6	132.3	4.7	187.6	267.7	125.6	89.8	35.8

a/ General imports prior to 1933-34.

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SUMMARY TABLE: Quantity indexes of foreign trade, 1932-33 to 1943-44, and monthly, adjusted for seasonal variation, October 1942 to date

Domestic exports										Imports (for consumption) a/			
Agricultural										Agricultural			
Year and month	All	Cotton			Total	All	Total			Supple-	Comple-		
	commodi-	Total	incl.	except	commodi-	Total	Supple-	Comple-					
	ties b/	linters	cotton	cotton	ties b/	mentary	mentary						
Year beginning													
July 1 c/ -		January 1924 - December 1929 = 100											
1932-33	54	75	102	50	68	79	60	94					
1933-34	64	74	99	52	81	92	74	106					
1934-35	61	49	60	38	83	90	83	97					
1935-36	69	57	76	40	99	103	98	106					
1936-37	76	51	68	36	118	116	118	115					
1937-38	93	70	70	70	94	92	80	102					
1938-39	86	57	43	70	90	91	77	102					
1939-40	106	63	77	50	98	102	87	113					
1940-41	110	25	15	34	111	128	104	146					
1941-42	146	49	14	82	105	102	104	100					
1942-43	199	55	15	92	92	78	122	44					
1943-44	264	67	15	115	107	88	124	61					
1942-43 Prel.													
October.....	197	57	17	93	85	83	146	34					
November.....	185	39	7	70	73	60	109	22					
December	208	43	5	78	149	171	323	54					
January	171	37	5	67	91	72	110	42					
February	171	51	6	92	91	73	117	39					
March	231	62	11	109	97	72	89	59					
April.....	224	68	21	111	96	76	78	59					
May	252	68	18	115	102	91	126	64					
June	227	115	92	135	103	91	130	61					
1943-44 Prel.													
July	290	112	72	150	105	96	137	65					
August	269	119	93	144	108	99	143	65					
September	293	80	17	138	98	101	150	64					
October	278	56	10	99	109	95	157	47					
November	244	50	5	91	103	77	124	41					
December	280	75	7	139	93	70	116	36					
January	234	53	8	94	104	84	122	55					
February	229	50	6	91	103	79	116	51					
March	247	52	7	94	118	95	107	86					
April	251	65	19	108	117	98	149	59					
May	295	87	14	155	121	115	137	98					
June	258	71	12	126	105	95	124	72					
1944-45 Prel.													
July	246	81	30	128	95	97	137	66					
August	234	66	10	118	99	77	114	49					
September.....	d/	68	5	126	d/	82	126	48					

a/ General imports prior to January 1, 1934. b/ Compiled from indexes prepared by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Monthly indexes not adjusted for seasonal variation. c/ Average of unadjusted monthly indexes. d/ Not yet available.

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EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33
to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date

Year and month	Milk evapo- rated (unsweet- ened)	Cheese	Egg products frozen, dried, etc.	Hams and shoulders	Bacon and sides	Pork, pickled
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Monthly average						
1932-33	2,805	112	4	5,934	1,475	1,190
1933-34	2,743	104	5	5,957	1,987	1,589
1934-35	3,296	112	5	5,380	990	1,225
1935-36	2,123	95	9	3,893	362	624
1936-37	1,866	90	7	3,271	332	831
1937-38	1,868	111	a/30	4,025	474	948
1938-39	2,025	125	b/	4,894	1,105	1,108
1939-40	2,966	142	c/15	3,071	1,884	1,548
1940-41	15,808	1,900	24	1,467	629	2,284
1941-42	56,761	17,380	13,194	7,236	14,045	6,162
1942-43	39,748	17,943	15,455	9,012	14,929	11,601
1943-44	38,895	19,380	21,604	11,984	10,871	26,753
1942-43 Prel.						
October	40,971	46,943	13,943	4,726	10,458	1,715
November	11,204	39,244	12,327	6,328	9,290	1,415
December	17,453	24,071	25,464	1,272	10,776	20,523
January	22,057	5,709	21,322	5,710	10,059	30,751
February	79,697	6,270	17,032	12,218	17,645	17,531
March	78,245	6,288	26,386	9,335	10,354	8,693
April	34,757	8,940	17,576	10,717	13,093	5,444
May	38,791	10,642	15,756	18,523	9,972	16,770
June	43,226	10,544	10,659	13,295	9,718	20,720
1943-44 Prel.						
July	29,100	12,681	9,053	18,463	11,019	9,419
August	36,346	19,645	12,117	19,548	8,750	18,610
September	69,822	17,872	20,423	17,819	9,749	22,391
October	33,137	23,614	36,314	15,499	5,520	30,901
November	24,456	11,010	19,118	2,765	1,684	43,718
December	44,986	24,528	28,262	5,099	6,058	42,377
January	20,608	35,496	26,797	11,804	3,669	12,034
February	28,652	7,595	14,723	16,583	8,627	28,661
March	16,773	19,586	14,691	14,295	6,094	34,235
April	18,218	24,268	16,061	10,224	23,896	28,571
May	76,408	24,342	31,129	8,565	33,037	41,291
June	68,236	11,921	30,559	3,149	12,354	8,826
1944-45 Prel.						
July	35,185	21,333	19,477	2,728	5,663	18,676
August	37,824	27,066	13,869	8,539	18,398	20,666
September	57,497	40,713	24,182	1,547	2,635	22,742

a/ Average for 6-month period, July-December. b/ Not separately classified, January 1938 to December 1939. c/ Average for 6-month period, Jan-June.

Continued -

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EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33 to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date - Continued

Year and month	: Beef, : canned	: Pork, : canned	: Sausage, : canned	: Other : canned	: Lard, : including : neutral	: Cotton, : unmd. : (500-lb. : bales)
	: 1,000	: 1,000	: 1,000	: 1,000	: 1,000	: 1,000
Monthly average	: pounds	: pounds	: pounds	: pounds	: pounds	: bales
1932-33	92	770	63	51	47,155	739
1933-34	147	989	99	43	45,951	715
1934-35	221	832	102	81	18,950	444
1935-36	147	646	90	111	7,465	559
1936-37	220	675	129	232	8,643	505
1937-38	187	635	98	148	15,842	521
1938-39	151	786	132	144	19,956	323
1939-40	101	758	138	203	21,400	575
1940-41	38	377	179	1,054	15,592	107
1941-42	893	12,906	20,557	3,672	55,339	104
1942-43	916	20,765	36,033	7,066	46,015	109
1943-44	224	14,834	22,678	36,906	69,967	113
1942-43 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
October	159	25,279	51,750	1,340	57,943	215
November	141	24,884	30,001	8,461	37,259	82
December	752	23,760	26,855	7,187	30,760	59
January	1,396	19,354	20,324	7,967	32,054	43
February	203	17,752	15,834	4,988	26,728	42
March	1,399	22,792	51,600	7,850	45,444	71
April	1,122	23,802	34,414	9,816	39,548	105
May	275	19,708	38,836	13,862	55,467	79
June	280	21,326	52,480	10,403	78,544	359
1943-44 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	415	33,617	39,014	37,803	76,872	248
August	259	28,899	51,320	74,153	95,400	316
September	219	17,038	49,824	92,140	71,644	140
October	7	4,242	7,657	40,538	82,234	129
November	15	6,299	12,310	37,013	54,520	67
December	30	27,612	22,916	33,910	77,903	84
January	698	15,562	23,101	8,237	56,712	70
February	31	9,401	13,351	9,713	46,762	44
March	315	11,057	9,646	22,417	32,269	43
April	440	5,734	4,914	32,597	32,313	103
May	118	11,455	27,261	32,292	66,118	60
June	142	7,095	10,823	22,059	146,852	50
1944-45 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	591	12,881	28,387	29,406	111,934	109
August	216	11,670	23,506	13,761	102,972	45
September	41	18,911	46,283	19,240	88,381	46

Continued -

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EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33
to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date - Continued

Year and month	Apples, fresh	Pears, fresh	Oranges	Raisins and currants	Prunes, dried	Beans, dried
	1,000 bushels	1,000 pounds	1,000 boxes	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Monthly average						
1932-33	1,146	9,999	283	9,376	15,196	699
1933-34	1,022	9,251	287	7,830	16,903	582
1934-35	672	8,386	341	7,824	12,726	431
1935-36	1,020	10,345	454	9,085	18,137	686
1936-37	562	10,943	257	9,361	13,663	294
1937-38	913	11,229	494	11,781	17,899	617
1938-39	1,006	14,248	632	12,770	17,836	2,170
1939-40	268	7,755	321	10,564	9,920	6,689
1940-41	72	1,964	348	7,194	3,170	6,111
1941-42	144	1,953	380	8,444	16,842	19,388
1942-43	36	841	406	12,263	8,387	22,243
1943-44	26	504	489	19,793	10,231	22,745
1942-43 Prel.						
October	18	1,245	225	8,893	3,325	13,260
November	44	1,094	206	24,686	7,755	7,272
December	69	1,502	686	32,688	11,629	41,938
January	27	563	378	18,450	12,651	26,805
February	24	670	434	15,892	18,486	39,023
March	43	724	522	6,946	1,849	34,057
April	35	283	463	10,969	7,556	39,977
May	38	22	566	11,022	9,811	26,536
June	15	3	441	8,505	12,241	17,095
1943-44 Prel.						
July	37	956	454	7,417	8,285	9,333
August	26	2,778	331	7,411	9,660	20,309
September	11	855	245	18,794	8,643	14,264
October	25	358	182	13,047	5,187	30,440
November	18	230	374	20,502	11,148	24,799
December	44	484	983	21,190	11,390	54,657
January	26	87	323	18,043	3,637	44,091
February	27	106	545	21,870	13,144	24,107
March	29	91	583	15,775	8,504	15,418
April	35	57	537	27,093	9,642	15,525
May	31	6	722	38,879	17,803	12,838
June	7	36	590	27,497	15,732	7,157
1944-45 Prel.						
July	2	817	524	3,357	1,974	10,655
August	24	2,828	531	8,753	8,138	11,805
September	17	1,114	372	10,569	13,835	15,235

Continued -

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EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33
to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date / Continued

Year and month	: Baked : Beans : and pork : & beans	: Tomatoes : canned	: Rice, : Milled : including: : brown	: Wheat : grain	: Tobacco, leaf : Bright: : flue- : cured:	: Dark-fired : Ky. and : Tennessee
	: 1,000	: 1,000	: 1,000	: 1,000	: 1,000	: 1,000
Monthly average-	: pounds	: pounds	: pounds	: bushels	: pounds	: pounds
1932-33.....	316	337	10,718	1,741	22,472	5,304
1933-34.....	352	157	7,935	1,567	27,528	6,321
1934-35.....	375	163	9,925	252	20,373	5,297
1935-36.....	434	152	6,759	26	26,899	4,578
1936-37.....	508	212	4,024	264	25,220	4,274
1937-38.....	402	151	24,648	6,978	30,150	3,782
1938-39.....	479	163	27,095	7,049	30,208	3,970
1939-40.....	3,042	987	24,873	1,970	21,017	2,919
1940-41.....	404	1,814	31,559	901	11,293	965
1941-42.....	7,384	8,949	37,043	1,053	21,147	629
1942-43.....	1,234	689	31,367	546	20,986	894
1943-44.....	2,523	2,246	38,636	1,026	25,790	848
1942-43 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
October.....	2,397	493	6,820	76	22,773	1,638
November.....	1,143	226	5,884	61	16,428	438
December.....	787	166	82,114	748	8,137	922
January.....	617	669	60,747	274	11,805	1,003
February.....	552	1,476	60,757	384	18,859	616
March.....	2,018	941	22,411	559	30,358	873
April.....	1,536	132	24,790	1,054	27,738	1,006
May.....	1,014	179	51,230	842	29,654	1,322
June.....	2,529	2,628	53,271	1,213	22,765	551
1943-44 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July.....	1,012	3,892	52,583	1,072	33,010	761
August.....	3,094	2,173	25,734	584	31,564	513
September.....	4,586	886	60,069	1,098	41,636	1,045
October.....	3,295	1,975	42,850	1,270	67,515	2,200
November.....	3,362	3,345	37,538	876	38,151	170
December.....	1,916	1,782	48,179	2,613	15,492	258
January.....	1,771	3,154	32,954	757	5,577	290
February.....	1,229	1,738	41,461	671	9,404	532
March.....	821	701	39,306	758	9,511	513
April.....	1,748	480	35,601	933	19,118	2,634
May.....	6,188	2,817	19,513	1,010	20,817	981
June.....	1,252	4,006	27,839	671	17,687	284
1944-45 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July.....	2,517	1,049	43,173	1,193	26,439	878
August.....	182	1,755	31,419	1,904	16,382	334
September.....	1,464	4,314	26,224	536	36,246	315

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DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-September 1943 and 1944

Commodity exported	Unit	July-September		a/	
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
				1,000	1,000
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS:					
<u>Animals, live:</u>		<u>Thousands:</u>	<u>Thousands:</u>	<u>dollars:</u>	<u>dollars:</u>
Cattle	No.	1	1	119	250
Hogs	No.	b/	12	4	449
Horses	No.	b/	b/	42	85
Mules, asses, and burros	No.	b/	b/	7	27
<u>Dairy products:</u>					
Butter	Lb.	35,194	39,828	15,777	22,845
Cheese	Lb.	40,208	39,112	13,607	27,573
Milk-					
Fresh and sterilized	Gal.	4	27	3	18
Condensed (sweetened)	Lb.	17,224	12,426	2,135	2,072
Dried	Lb.	62,489	72,378	11,296	16,771
Evaporated (unsweetened) ...	Lb.	135,268	120,506	13,018	15,466
Infants' foods, malted, etc. .	Lb.	703	1,124	221	565
<u>Eggs and egg products:</u>					
Eggs in the shell	Doz.	244	799	112	300
<u>Egg products, dried, frozen, etc.-:</u>					
Dried	Lb.	41,588	57,526	51,658	70,308
Frozen	Lb.	4	3	2	1
Otherwise prepared	Lb.	b/	0	b/	0
Hides and skins	Lb.	456	749	90	142
<u>Meats and meat products:</u>					
Beef and veal-					
Fresh or frozen	Lb.	1,895	4,197	460	942
Pickled or cured	Lb.	1,654	1,543	358	279
Canned beef, including corned	Lb.	894	848	295	280
Total beef and veal	Lb.	4,443	6,588	1,113	1,501
Pork-					
Fresh or frozen	Lb.	84,239	55,017	19,970	15,320
Bacon	Lb.	17,431	26,595	3,340	6,755
Hams and shoulders	Lb.	55,830	12,813	14,869	3,630
Sides, Cumberland & Wiltshire	Lb.	12,087	0	2,899	0
Pickled or salted	Lb.	50,420	62,083	7,512	9,034
Canned	Lb.	79,555	43,463	26,126	26,374
Total pork	Lb.	299,562	200,071	74,716	61,113
Mutton and lamb	Lb.	10,821	478	3,193	103
Poultry and game, fresh	Lb.	128	111	46	48
Sausage, canned	Lb.	140,159	98,176	51,039	29,843
Sausage, not canned	Lb.	238	433	93	167
Other meats, fresh, frozen, etc.	Lb.	1,486	20,647	405	7,017
Other meats, canned-					
Chicken, canned	Lb.	2	43	1	23
Other (incl. mutton and lamb)	Lb.	204,094	62,363	76,179	25,105
Total meats	Lb.	660,933	388,910	206,785	124,920

Continued -

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DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-September 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-September		a/	
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS-Con:				1,000	1,000
Meats and meat products, Con:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Meat extracts & bouillon cubes	Lb.	34	110	39	108
Sausage casings	Lb.	1,650	2,810	1,446	2,610
Gelatin	Lb.	321	350	182	228
Oils and fats, animal:					
Lard, including neutral	Lb.	243,915	303,288	43,688	51,070
Oleo oil	Lb.	1,548	348	271	49
Oleo stock	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Stearins and fatty acids	Lb.	1,589	1,719	234	263
Tallow	Lb.	9,558	10,700	1,414	983
Other animal oils and fats ...	Lb.	37,984	17,358	6,194	3,198
Total oils and fats	Lb.	294,584	333,413	51,801	55,563
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS:					
Cotton and linters, unmf.:					
Cotton	(500 lb.) Bale:	682	163	77,280	18,139
Linters	(500 lb.) Bale:	22	37	584	1,264
Fruits and fruit juices:					
Fresh-					
Apples in baskets	Bskt.	29	2	107	5
Apples in boxes	Box	44	42	182	138
Apples in barrels	Bbl.	0	0	0	0
Berries	Lb.	2,337	6	269	2
Grapefruit ...	Box	96	159	291	573
Lemons and limes	Box	126	144	671	816
Oranges and tangerines	Box	1,031	1,427	4,278	6,287
Grapes	Lb.	11,145	12,816	1,062	1,272
Pears	Lb.	4,589	4,760	436	383
Dried-					
Apples	Lb.	5,071	2,880	735	1,061
Apricots	Lb.	7,976	751	1,525	297
Prunes	Lb.	26,589	23,947	2,184	3,073
Raisins and currants	Lb.	33,622	22,678	2,865	2,933
Canned-					
Apples and apple sauce	Lb.	1,442	86	133	10
Apricots	Lb.	3,525	751	327	39
Fruits for salad	Lb.	2,733	748	266	115
Grapefruit	Lb.	7	258	1	31
Peaches	Lb.	6,418	10,859	711	1,257
Pears	Lb.	6,350	575	708	90
Pineapples	Lb.	132	563	16	69

Continued -

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DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-September 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-September		a/	
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Fruits and fruit juices, Con:		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Fruit juices-					
Grapefruit	Gal.	527	1,235	379	938
Orange	Gal.	1,039	821	3,103	3,455
Pineapple	Gal.	18	8	17	10
Other fruit juices	Gal.	309	368	799	1,002
Nuts:					
Pecans-					
Shelled	Lb.	b/	136	b/	112
Not shelled	Lb.	1	220	b/	69
Walnuts-					
Shelled	Lb.	3	3	3	1
Not shelled	Lb.	6	152	2	44
Grains and grain products:					
Barley, grain	Bu.	118	25	282	40
Biscuits and crackers	Lb.	30,431	4,822	3,912	1,032
Buckwheat, grain	Bu.	4	b/	6	b/
Corn and corn meal-					
Corn, grain	Bu.	1,221	615	1,381	939
Corn meal	Bbl.	21	8	132	68
Corn, including corn meal					
in terms of grain	Bu.	1,306	647	1,513	1,007
Corn cereal foods, ready to eat	Lb.	356	513	39	59
Hominy and corn grits	Lb.	6,655	7,315	225	307
Malt	Bu.	474	1,044	849	2,187
Oats and oatmeal-					
Oats, grain	Bu.	33	64	34	64
Oatmeal	Lb.	10,446	12,878	614	1,375
Oats, including oatmeal in					
terms of grain	Bu.	614	779	648	1,439
Rice-					
Paddy or rough	Lb.	3,857	110	158	9
Milled, brown, screenings, etc.	Lb.	138,386	100,816	9,082	7,191
Flour, meal, and polish	Lb.	24	314	5	19
Rye, grain	Bu.	10	b/	14	b/
Wheat and wheat flour-					
Wheat, grain	Bu.	2,755	3,632	3,335	6,486
Wheat flour- (196 lb.)					
Wholly of U. S. wheat	Bbl.	813	1,008	4,813	7,345
Other wheat flour	Bbl.	458	544	2,711	3,771
Total wheat flour	Bbl.	1,271	1,552	7,524	11,116
Wheat, including flour					
in terms of grain ...	Bu.	8,730	10,928	10,859	17,602

Continued -

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DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-September 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-September			
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Feeds: (2,240 lb.)		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Hay	Ton	b/	1	6	27
Oil cake and oil-cake meal-					
Cottonseed cake and meal ...	Ton	b/	0	5	0
Linseed cake and meal	Ton	b/	b/	5	22
Soybean oil-cake meal	Ton	3	3	156	162
Other oil cake and meal	Ton	b/	b/	b/	5
Total oil cake and meal ..	Ton	3	3	166	189
Oils, vegetable:					
Expressed oils and fats-					
Cocoa butter	Lb.	63	338	16	86
Coconut oil, crude	Lb.	28	b/	7	b/
Coconut oil, refined	Lb.	8	40	1	9
Cooking fats other than lard	Lb.	9,747	3,614	1,932	620
Corn oil, edible	Lb.	263	58	54	15
Cottonseed oil, crude	Lb.	3,058	448	428	57
Cottonseed oil, refined	Lb.	1,244	1,253	205	184
Linseed oil	Lb.	89,329	136,962	12,844	20,386
Soybean oil, edible	Lb.	6,986	25,688	1,005	3,871
Vegetable soap stock (incl.					
ined. olive oil and other)	Lb.	447	130	52	15
Essential or distilled oils-					
Citrus oils	Lb.	83	83	265	180
Peppermint oil	Lb.	24	62	141	478
Spearmint and other mint oils	Lb.	7	14	23	53
Other natural essential, etc.	Lb.	123	117	295	313
Blended, compounded or mixed					
perfume-flavor oils	Lb.	125	163	669	1,383
Oilseeds:					
Soybeans	Lb.	17,402	15,922	730	683
Other oilseeds	Lb.	429	300	33	27
Seeds, field and garden:					
Alfalfa	Lb.	128	39	43	16
Kentucky blue grass	Lb.	98	125	22	37
Red top	Lb.	88	58	11	11
Red clover	Lb.	356	b/	113	b/
Other clover	Lb.	237	13	59	9
Timothy	Lb.	140	310	11	24
Other field and grass seeds ..	Lb.	342	925	53	106
Flower seeds	Lb.	6	10	17	43
Carrot seed	Lb.	73	167	146	196
Other vegetable seeds	Lb.	467	951	510	833
Total seeds, field and garden	Lb.	1,935	2,598	985	1,275
Sugar	Ton	248	43	21,484	5,048

Continued -

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DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-September 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-September ^{a/}			
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Tobacco, leaf:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Bright flue-cured	Lb.	106,211	79,067	45,804	42,600
Burley	Lb.	1,307	2,867	287	1,232
Dark-fired Ky. and Tennessee ..	Lb.	2,318	1,527	699	439
Dark Virginia	Lb.	456	707	141	250
Maryland and Ohio export	Lb.	128	193	31	106
Green River	Lb.	131	111	31	53
One sucker leaf	Lb.	167	275	53	88
Black fat, waterbaler, & dk. Af.	Lb.	661	635	201	271
Cigar leaf	Lb.	50	1,577	76	675
Perique and other leaf	Lb.	5	19	5	10
Total leaf tobacco	Lb.	111,434	86,978	47,328	45,724
Tobacco, stems, trimmings, etc..	Lb.	1	17	b/	3
Vegetables:					
Beans, green (including snap) ..	Lb.	174	41	17	4
Beans, dried-					
Seed	Lb.	280	520	19	81
Other	Lb.	43,626	37,236	2,505	2,670
Onions	Lb.	4,856	10,854	300	519
Peas, green	Lb.	78	57	7	6
Peas, dried-					
Seed	Lb.	1,706	4,409	189	406
Other	Lb.	53,294	26,075	2,985	1,765
Peppers	Lb.	61	108	5	9
Potatoes, white	Lb.	83,868	41,963	2,584	1,434
Tomatoes, fresh	Lb.	6,532	3,429	614	286
Other fresh vegetables				300	259
Vegetables, canned-					
Baked beans & pork and beans	Lb.	8,693	4,162	459	324
Tomatoes	Lb.	6,951	7,118	408	619
Other canned veg. and juices	Lb.	33,078	39,941	2,734	4,257
Misc. vegetable products:					
Cornstarch and corn flour	Lb.	28,612	30,469	1,442	2,013
Glucose, liquid (corn sirup) ..	Lb.	832	2,132	59	108
Glucose, dry (grape sugar) ...	Lb.	535	1,767	26	117
Hops	Lb.	1,478	504	932	425
Drugs, herbs, roots, etc., crude	Lb.	621	835	290	324
Total principal agri. products ..				599,414	510,990
Other agricultural products				29,447	23,924
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS				628,861	534,914
TOTAL EXPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES ..				3,663,370	3,577,272

^{a/} Corrected to November 15, 1944.^{b/} Less than 500. ^{c/} Reported in value only.

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DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products,
January-September and September 1943-44 a/

Commodity exported	Unit:	January-September:		September	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
		Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Pork, cured:					
Bacon and sides	Lb.	100,359	114,372	9,749	2,635
Hams and shoulders	Lb.	125,628	77,433	17,819	1,546
Total pork, cured	Lb.	225,987	191,805	27,568	4,181
Lard, including neutral	Lb.	520,700	684,314	71,644	88,381
Grains and preparations:					
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	275	179	c/	23
Corn, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	3,329	8,193	585	59
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	82	219	23	46
Rice-					
Paddy or rough	Lb.	62,472	19,818	270	0
Milled, including brown, etc..	Lb.	411,592	297,491	60,069	26,224
Flour, meal and polish	Lb.	461	1,133	17	5
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	25	47	0	7
Wheat-					
Grain (60 lb.)	Bu.	7,081	8,433	1,098	536
Flour, wholly of United States					
wheat (196 lb.)	Bbl.	3,602	587	144	261
Fruits:					
Fresh-					
Apples /	Bu.	254	200	11	17
Pears	Lb.	6,853	5,143	855	1,114
Oranges and tangerines	Box	3,834	4,727	245	372
Grapefruit	Box	774	909	1	35
Grapes	Lb.	14,303	16,490	8,873	7,643
Dried-					
Apples	Lb.	14,094	9,350	2,556	1,934
Apricots	Lb.	13,950	2,593	3,600	86
Prunes	Lb.	89,281	92,409	8,643	13,835
Raisins	Lb.	105,406	171,836	18,794	10,569
Canned pears	Lb.	9,414	9,279	1,695	258
Tobacco, leaf:					
Bright flue-cured	Lb.	247,390	161,181	41,636	36,246
Dark-fired Kentucky and					
Tennessee	Lb.	7,689	6,761	1,045	315
Other leaf tobacco	Lb.	10,651	15,863	939	957
Total leaf tobacco	Lb.	265,730	183,805	43,620	37,518
Cotton, excluding linters (500 lb.)	Bale	1,374	510	138	40

a/ Corrected to November 15, 1944.

b/ Barrels, baskets, boxes in terms of bushels.

c/ Less than 500.

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IMPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33
to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date

Year and month	: : Cattle, : dutiable:	: Beef, : canned : including: : corned :	: Cheese : pounds	: Casein : or : lactarene	: Hides : and : skins : raw	: Wool, : excluding : free for : carpets
	: 1,000 : head	: 1,000 : pounds	: 1,000 : pounds	: 1,000 : pounds	: 1,000 : pounds	: 1,000 : pounds
<u>Monthly average-</u>						
1932-33	8	2,599	4,660	90	17,629	1,019
1933-34	5	3,295	3,909	676	27,534	4,699
1934-35	20	5,791	4,037	149	17,651	2,289
1935-36	35	7,349	4,115	950	27,262	8,434
1936-37	36	6,677	5,474	951	27,264	15,118
1937-38	36	7,025	4,624	80	15,704	3,546
1938-39	56	6,721	4,556	47	23,373	5,497
1939-40	53	6,912	4,608	2,279	26,476	13,472
1940-41	57	5,206	1,859	3,034	39,506	39,400
1941-42	61	10,318	1,314	2,657	44,464	46,766
1942-43	66	6,352	2,559	435	38,434	107,610
1943-44	25	5,672	1,602	3,861	24,859	58,327
<u>1942-43 Prel.</u>						
October	49	11,720	4,522	171	36,264	116,358
November	35	1,205	4,906	344	27,272	82,292
December	64	6,880	3,920	218	30,891	345,427
January	27	5,072	2,894	593	23,364	147,025
February	187	4,571	2,640	a/	32,589	135,818
March	115	214	4,923	570	31,831	57,880
April	127	8,843	1,684	781	36,742	78,005
May	80	21,500	619	123	47,053	79,975
June	26	3,148	673	404	44,087	69,811
<u>1943-44 Prel.</u>						
July	11	15,568	897	50	28,164	55,303
August	10	18,320	1,730	0	20,087	71,300
September	13	11,335	1,692	1,340	22,769	70,647
October	9	11,410	984	19,054	32,812	69,474
November	15	5,540	4,529	1,796	20,307	51,569
December	11	a/	1,925	3,715	15,537	44,961
January	11	41	3,368	4,869	29,532	74,382
February	36	76	1,600	2,983	35,458	62,921
March	61	a/	735	6,192	28,134	57,545
April	65	220	910	3,718	17,718	51,309
May	44	202	683	2,132	25,749	44,274
June	12	5,355	172	481	22,049	46,232
<u>1944-45 Prel.</u>						
July	5	32,013	248	7,068	28,976	52,928
August	4	0	211	5,012	23,790	36,610
September	3	4,491	183	3,907	19,497	42,287

a/ Less than 500.

Continued -

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IMPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33 to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date - Continued

Year and month	Cotton: (478-lb.)	Jute and butts	Sisal and henequen	Flax	Manila or abaca	Hemp
	1,000 bales	2240-lb. tons	2240-lb. tons	2240-lb. tons	2240-lb. tons	2240-lb. tons
Monthly average -						
1932-33.....	11	3,117	13,830	257	2,098	26
1933-34.....	13	4,958	9,659	474	3,568	79
1934-35.....	10	4,111	6,178	305	3,315	50
1935-36.....	14	7,266	12,617	496	4,039	68
1936-37.....	27	8,103	9,945	574	3,350	80
1937-38.....	15	6,491	10,255	192	2,556	41
1938-39.....	18	3,142	8,697	290	2,720	48
1939-40.....	20	3,827	11,995	479	4,645	51
1940-41.....	37	4,642	10,930	202	5,867	56
1941-42.....	43	6,667	13,513	534	6,555	128
1942-43.....	22	9,116	14,731	499	102	128
1943-44.....	19	4,514	15,532	244	120	4
1942-43 Prel.						
October.....	45	10,477	14,877	467	0	179
November.....	15	5,203	18,123	233	105	97
December.....	26	7,760	40,146	283	52	238
January.....	17	16,890	13,176	319	143	0
February.....	18	18,439	13,932	265	103	97
March.....	22	15,882	11,550	706	369	97
April.....	15	11,501	9,742	994	138	4
May.....	13	6,773	11,884	308	150	86
June.....	9	2,893	14,267	226	0	29
1943-44 Prel.						
July.....	8	903	17,891	363	250	1
August.....	7	1,011	14,466	420	0	0
September.....	31	594	17,883	199	166	0
October.....	19	48	11,834	350	129	0
November.....	26	2,751	24,910	80	164	0
December.....	52	2,777	14,785	110	57	0
January.....	21	7,304	15,362	52	0	23
February.....	26	7,285	11,109	211	182	19
March.....	12	9,771	20,467	109	55	a/
April.....	12	10,100	11,749	128	0	0
May.....	7	8,326	14,496	182	166	0
June.....	4	3,298	11,433	727	276	2
1944-45 Prel.						
July.....	9	2,423	13,292	876	271	0
August.....	4	2,714	20,045	398	438	50
September.....	48	2,439	7,521	165	54	20

a/ Less than 1/2 ton.

Continued -

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IMPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33
to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date - Continued

Year and month	Flax	Castor	Oils			
	seed	beans	Coconut	Tung	Oiticica	Palm
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Monthly average-	bushels	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds
1932-33	518	5,837	21,725	6,988	a/	21,136
1933-34	1,492	9,486	29,425	12,176	a/	20,705
1934-35	1,278	6,629	25,063	9,364	a/	16,118
1935-36	1,282	11,890	29,141	12,491	a/	27,227
1936-37	2,175	11,563	26,549	12,292	343	29,562
1937-38	1,488	11,860	28,731	10,799	273	31,102
1938-39	1,562	11,259	31,638	8,038	1,080	22,687
1939-40	1,101	16,371	26,630	8,298	1,467	20,515
1940-41	933	25,649	30,994	4,375	1,860	21,247
1941-42	1,936	32,545	21,548	3,025	1,938	20,102
1942-43	527	18,214	3,643	6	26	3,725
1943-44	1,413	28,466	3,556	145	153	5,181
1942-43 Prel.						
October	96	26,942	100	0	0	0
November	270	5,422	10,246	0	0	3,003
December	1,381	13,328	8	b/	5	3,493
January	134	20,700	162	0	306	3,765
February	462	22,360	8,107	0	0	16,629
March	350	37,063	7,560	0	0	0
April	131	28,567	5,829	0	0	5,503
May	841	13,324	4,287	2	0	4,537
June	150	14,538	4,280	66	0	0
1943-44 Prel.						
July	1,226	36,367	2,708	0	55	5,530
August	929	20,161	9,838	0	737	5,352
September	1,737	30,571	0	0	0	2,726
October	1,878	34,155	0	0	477	7,478
November	2,066	21,564	34	0	67	2,541
December	720	37,033	162	0	0	5,494
January	842	17,531	0	3	71	4,740
February	796	28,465	7,371	0	221	2,552
March	1,425	49,508	17,508	0	142	8,767
April	2,198	26,222	2,611	1,516	0	7,297
May	2,368	19,066	2,277	0	67	4,184
June	769	20,950	159	223	0	5,513
1944-45 Prel.						
July	105	43,033	0	0	1,674	2,551
August	583	26,696	7,421	29	2,828	4,255
September	497	31,862	9,479	0	1,217	10,126

a/ Not separately classified prior to 1936. b/ Less than 500.

Continued -

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IMPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average 1932-33 to 1943-44, and monthly, October 1942 to date - Continued

Year and month	Sugar	Molasses		Tobacco,	Cocoa	Coffee
	(2,000- pound)	Edible	Not for human con- sumption	unmfd.	or cacao beans	
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Monthly average-	tons	gallons	gallons	pounds	pounds	pounds
1932-33	246	900	11,221	4,962	39,702	121,513
1933-34	235	1,518	16,280	4,649	38,819	133,176
1934-35	281	728	20,192	4,856	44,923	129,336
1935-36	270	1,172	16,265	5,658	47,580	154,428
1936-37	247	1,610	25,942	5,776	56,912	146,734
1937-38	234	866	18,109	5,668	37,187	144,511
1938-39	214	669	14,800	6,340	53,666	163,771
1939-40	279	1,194	20,004	6,728	46,433	170,314
1940-41	293	977	27,613	6,487	74,261	211,218
1941-42	228	1,007	27,166	5,914	30,844	146,710
1942-43	188	52	11,998	6,784	34,777	150,084
1943-44	319	684	23,731	5,937	48,793	214,042
1942-43 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
October	106	97	7,303	6,219	19,384	133,271
November	116	136	11,503	4,823	8,443	59,533
December	187	5	19,975	6,024	63,125	171,239
January	177	32	10,597	7,325	42,121	144,968
February	211	117	10,351	6,476	28,038	137,822
March	260	31	19,196	8,688	48,975	206,366
April	202	9	5,535	11,281	50,609	204,540
May	258	14	7,242	5,279	69,493	208,445
June	348	31	6,365	4,184	53,412	190,441
1943-44 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	445	51	7,993	4,735	39,638	221,472
August	282	92	10,708	4,522	66,021	227,668
September	271	94	15,441	4,822	81,911	233,734
October	378	129	19,682	4,963	32,476	183,428
November	263	463	21,450	5,383	20,370	133,607
December	269	522	16,824	4,479	41,579	106,886
January	215	392	16,742	20,756	33,382	209,311
February	233	461	28,328	4,159	49,213	160,031
March	277	1,221	35,412	3,968	62,523	341,010
April	420	4,250	34,203	4,248	83,754	166,838
May	431	25	38,014	4,513	32,883	343,311
June	339	504	39,979	4,693	41,765	241,207
1944-45 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	351	146	23,796	4,800	16,061	206,726
August	259	107	17,583	4,959	52,352	118,039
September	265	16	15,753	5,252	89,775	124,547

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IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,
July-September, 1943 and 1944

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	July-September a/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS:				1,000	1,000
Animals, live:		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Cattle, dutiable (by weight)-					
Less than 200 pounds, each ..	No.	2	1	19	14
200 pounds to 700 pounds, each	No.	20	2	607	91
700 pounds or more, each-					
Cows for dairy purposes ...	No.	11	8	1,544	1,162
Other cattle	No.	2	1	76	16
Total cattle, dutiable ..	No.	35	12	2,246	1,283
Cattle, free (for breeding) ...	No.	8	3	1,005	699
Hogs (except for breeding)	Lb.	6	b/	2	b/
Horses	No.	2	1	225	112
Dairy products:					
Butter	Lb.	1,183	21	308	11
Casein or lactarene	Lb.	1,390	15,388	177	1,527
Cheese-					
Swiss	Lb.	366	0	87	0
Cheddar	Lb.	34	18	9	5
Other cheese	Lb.	3,919	623	781	137
Total cheese	Lb.	4,319	641	877	142
Cream	Gal.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Milk-					
Condensed and evaporated	Lb.	5	b/	1	b/
Dried and malted	Lb.	10	b/	4	b/
Whole, skimmed, and buttermilk:	Gal.	104	0	3	0
Eggs and egg products:					
Eggs, in the shell	Doz.	105	49	50	20
Eggs, whole, dried	Lb.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Egg yolks, dried	Lb.	b/	0	b/	0
Egg albumen, dried	Lb.	0	17	0	19
Eggs, whole, frozen, etc.	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Egg yolks, frozen, etc.	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Egg albumen, frozen, etc.	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Bristles, sorted, bunched, or prep.	Lb.	217	568	726	1,395
Feathers, crude	Lb.	371	143	273	238
Hides and skins, agricultural c/.	Lb.	70,934	72,262	13,920	15,210
Meats and meat products:					
Beef and veal-					
Fresh or frozen	Lb.	337	690	55	93
Pickled or cured	Lb.	500	1,553	53	287
Canned, including corned	Lb.	45,241	36,503	7,912	6,392
Mutton and lamb, fresh or frozen	Lb.	465	b/	55	b/

Continued -

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IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,
July-September, 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit:	July-September a/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS-Con:				1,000	1,000
Meats and meat products, Con:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Pork-					
Fresh and frozen	Lb. :	15 :	b/ :	5 :	b/ :
Hams, shoulders, and bacon ..	Lb. :	905 :	20 :	303 :	9 :
Other pickled or salted	Lb. :	1,534 :	32 :	188 :	23 :
Poultry and game	Lb. :	1,341 :	7,886 :	341 :	2,162 :
Other meats-					
Fresh or frozen	Lb. :	195 :	140 :	44 :	43 :
Canned, prepared, or preserved	Lb. :	773 :	230 :	172 :	41 :
Total meats	Lb. :	51,306 :	47,054 :	9,128 :	9,050 :
Sausage casings	Lb. :	2,516 :	4,144 :	1,987 :	1,998 :
Tallow	Lb. :	6,196 :	23,653 :	389 :	1,730 :
Wool, unmanufactured, excluding free in bond for carpets, etc..	Lb. :	197,266 :	131,825 :	62,108 :	38,483 :
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS:					
Fibers, unmanufactured:					
Cotton and linters- (478 lb.)					
Cotton	Bale:	34 :	47 :	3,895 :	3,954 :
Linters	Bale:	11 :	14 :	278 :	256 :
Other supp. fibers- (2,240 lb.)					
Flax	Ton :	1 :	1 :	789 :	1,025 :
Hemp	Ton :	b/ :	b/ :	b/ :	34 :
Jute and jute butts	Ton :	3 :	8 :	405 :	1,159 :
Fruits:					
Apples, green or ripe	Bu. :	b/ :	119 :	1 :	252 :
Berries, natural or in brine ..	Lb. :	12,985 :	6,604 :	2,327 :	1,433 :
Currants	Lb. :	b/ :	0 :	b/ :	0 :
Dates	Lb. :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :
Figs	Lb. :	b/ :	0 :	b/ :	0 :
Grapes	Cu.ft:	22 :	15 :	30 :	22 :
Limes	Lb. :	2,743 :	1,974 :	90 :	71 :
Olives, in brine	Gal.:	2,001 :	1,820 :	1,918 :	1,936 :
Pears, green, ripe, or in brine	Lb. :	b/ :	b/ :	b/ :	b/ :
Pineapples-					
Fresh, in crates	Crate:	41 :	39 :	88 :	91 :
Fresh, in bulk	No. :	1,949 :	1,118 :	201 :	181 :
Prepared or preserved	Lb. :	20,167 :	7,428 :	2,478 :	829 :
Raisins	Lb. :	9 :	b/ :	2 :	b/ :
Grains and grain products:					
Barley, grain	Bu. :	17,011 :	9,215 :	12,091 :	8,271 :
Barley malt	Lb. :	9,628 :	1,277 :	317 :	53 :

Continued -

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IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,
July-September, 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity imported <u>SUPPLEMENTARY</u>	Unit	July-September a/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Grains and grain products, Con:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Corn and corn meal-					
Corn, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	46	3,574	86	2,042
Corn meal	Lb.	110	0	2	0
Corn, including corn meal in terms of grain	Bu.	48	3,574	88	2,042
Oats and oatmeal-					
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	18,111	16,786	10,047	11,333
Oatmeal	Lb.	70	68	3	4
Oats, including oatmeal in terms of grain	Bu.	18,114	16,790	10,050	11,337
Rice-					
Uncleaned and paddy	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Cleaned or milled	Lb.	1,117	0	65	0
Patna	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Broken	Lb.	421	331	21	17
Flour, meal, polish, and bran.	Lb.	428	16	3	b/
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	155	670	139	650
Wheat and wheat flour-					
Wheat, grain- (60 lb.)					
For domestic use-					
Unfit for human consumption	Bu.	4	7,978	3	9,791
Other wheat grain	Bu.	19,001	17,951	18,388	21,962
For milling in bond & export-					
To Cuba	Bu.	606	62	584	21
To other countries	Bu.	1,462	2,033	1,457	2,501
Total wheat, grain	Bu.	21,073	28,024	20,432	34,338
Wheat flour- (196 lb.)					
For domestic use	Bbl.	8	8	47	49
For mfr. in bond and export	Bbl.	0	0	0	0
Total wheat flour	Bbl.	8	8	47	49
Wheat, including flour in terms of grain	Bu.	21,113	28,064	20,479	34,387
Feeds and fodders:					
Beet pulp, dried ... (2,240 lb.)	Ton	0	0	0	0
Bran, shorts, etc.- (2,000 lb.)					
Of direct importation	Ton	21	11	828	430
Withdrawn bonded mills	Ton	19	11	417	228
Total bran, shorts, etc. ...	Ton	40	22	1,245	658
Hay	Ton	20	39	280	690

Continued -

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IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,
July-September, 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	July-September			
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Feeds and fodders, Continued:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Oil cake and oil-cake meal-					
Coconut or copra	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Cottonseed	Lb.	30,303	21,955	428	316
Linseed	Lb.	1,769	3,741	28	44
Soybean	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Other oil cake and meal	Lb.	11,220	6,400	225	165
Total oil cake and meal ...	Lb.	43,292	32,096	681	525
Hops	Lb.	0	22	0	15
Nuts and preparations		d/	d/	517	5,891
Oils, vegetable, expressed:					
Carnauba wax	Lb.	4,002	6,244	2,454	3,993
Coconut oil	Lb.	12,718	16,901	742	1,002
Corn oil	Lb.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Cottonseed oil	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Linseed oil	Lb.	16,685	18,226	1,732	2,076
Oiticica oil	Lb.	792	5,719	160	952
Olive oil-					
Edible	Lb.	406	29	94	10
Inedible	Lb.	38	15	9	4
Palm-kernel oil	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Palm oil	Lb.	13,607	16,932	745	861
Peanut oil	Lb.	7	b/	1	b/
Perilla oil	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Rapeseed oil	Gal.	365	0	265	0
Soybean oil	Lb.	b/	103	b/	4
Sunflower oil	Lb.	2,529	35,389	195	2,840
Tung oil	Lb.	0	29	0	10
Oilseeds:					
Babassu nuts and kernels	Lb.	5,389	5,226	293	283
Castor beans	Lb.	87,099	101,591	3,106	3,349
Copra	Lb.	29,734	40,538	1,140	1,437
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu.	3,891	1,184	8,953	3,535
Palm nuts and kernels	Lb.	25	26,795	3	925
Poppyseed	Lb.	73	84	5	13
Rapeseed	Lb.	1	0	b/	0
Sesame seed	Lb.	142	1,939	13	117
Soybeans	Lb.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Seeds, except oil seeds		d/	d/	572	1,212
Spices (supplementary)	Lb.	1,495	1,654	248	297

Continued -

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IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,
July-September, 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity imported <u>SUPPLEMENTARY</u>	Unit:	July-September			
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Sugar and molasses:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Sugar, excluding beet(2,000 lb.):	Ton	997	875	55,536	48,092
Molasses-					
Unfit for human consumption .	Gal.	34,142	57,132	5,638	10,800
Other molasses and sugar sirup:	Gal.	238	269	80	107
Total molasses	Gal.	34,380	57,401	5,718	10,907
Tobacco, unmanufactured:					
Leaf for cigar wrappers	Lb.	515	437	888	888
Cigar leaf (filler)-					
Unstemmed	Lb.	358	383	445	623
Stemmed	Lb.	1,088	2,054	965	2,203
Cigarette leaf, unstemmed	Lb.	11,657	11,700	5,711	9,366
Total tobacco leaf, unmf'd. .	Lb.	13,618	14,574	8,009	13,080
Scrap tobacco	Lb.	430	437	152	315
Stems, not cut, etc.	Lb.	32	0	b/	0
Vegetables and preparations:					
Beans-					
Dried	Lb.	8,416	248	362	15
Green or unripe	Lb.	4,262	33	171	2
Chickpeas or garbanzos, dried .	Lb.	65,310	365	2,479	16
Garlic	Lb.	2,799	1,210	147	173
Lentils and lupines	Lb.	1,053	4,142	54	241
Onions	Lb.	1,305	1	37	b/
Peas, except cowpeas-					
Dried	Lb.	1,591	b/	58	b/
Green or unripe	Lb.	b/	0	b/	0
Potatoes, white	Lb.	2,030	67,313	47	1,486
Tapioca, crude, flour, and prep.	Lb.	22,134	5,665	1,209	301
Tomatoes, fresh	Lb.	785	827	52	60
Turnips and rutabagas	Lb.	28,492	21,584	463	286
Vegetables, canned-					
Mushrooms	Lb.	b/	0	b/	0
Peas	Lb.	1	b/	b/	b/
Tomatoes	Lb.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Argols, tartar, & wine lees, crude	Lb.	44	1,282	4	228
Wines	Gal.	928	1,415	2,016	3,682
Total principal supplementary					
agricultural products				249,151	249,500
Other supplementary agricultural:				17,381	17,295
Total supplementary					
agricultural products				266,532	266,795

Continued -

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IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,
July-September, 1943 and 1944 - Continued

Commodity imported <u>COMPLEMENTARY</u>	Unit:	July-September ^{a/}			
		Quantity		Value	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
				1,000	1,000
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
ANIMAL PRODUCTS:					
Silk, raw	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Wool, unmanufactured, free in bond for carpets, etc.	Lb.	8,987	29,268	2,469	4,987
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS:					
Bananas	Bunch	7,436	9,622	4,569	6,728
Coffee (except into Puerto Rico) .	Lb.	682,216	448,922	84,531	54,541
Cocoa or cacao beans	Lb.	127,570	152,187	12,131	10,738
Tea	Lb.	24,256	18,098	7,550	6,152
Drugs, herbs, roots, etc. (comp.)		d/	d/	2,202	2,611
Oils, essential and dist. (comp.)		d/	d/	1,101	1,904
Spices, (complementary)	Lb.	5,784	6,876	2,411	2,968
<u>Fibers, unmanufactured: (2,240 lb.)</u>					
Crin vegetal	Ton	b/	b/	23	13
Istle and Tampico	Ton	4	5	146	815
Kapok	Ton	b/	b/	17	6
Manila or abaca	Ton	b/	1	93	171
New Zealand fiber	Ton	0	0	0	0
Sisal and henequen	Ton	50	41	7,557	6,012
Other comp. vegetable fibers ...	Ton	2	2	326	434
Total comp. vegetable fibers .	Ton	56	49	8,502	7,451
<u>Rubber and allied gums:</u>					
Rubber, crude-					
Guayule	Lb.	3,315	4,192	730	976
Milk of, or latex	Lb.	511	2,710	158	807
Other rubber, crude	Lb.	18,986	58,496	5,408	18,653
Total rubber, crude	Lb.	22,812	65,598	6,296	20,436
Allied gums-					
Gutta balata	Lb.	164	728	29	165
Jelutong or pontianak	Lb.	0	45	0	10
Gutta percha and other guttas .	Lb.	0	10	0	2
Total allied gums	Lb.	164	783	29	177
Total principal complementary agricultural products				131,791	118,693
Other complementary agricultural .				768	435
Total complementary				132,559	119,128
Total supplementary				266,532	266,795
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS				399,091	385,923
TOTAL IMPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES ...				888,046	853,794

^{a/} Corrected to November 15, 1944. ^{b/} Less than 500. ^{c/} Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins," reported in pieces, only.

^{d/} Reported in value only.

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IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Specified agricultural products,
January-September and September, 1943 and 1944 a/

Commodity imported	Unit	January-September		September	
		1943	1944	1943	1944
		Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Animals, live:					
Cattle, dutiable (by weight)-					
Less than 200 pounds, each	No.	13	5	b/	b/
200 pounds to 700 pounds, each.	No.	482	198	10	b/
700 pounds or more, each-					
Cows for dairy purposes	No.	28	26	3	3
Other cattle (dutiable)	No.	73	12	b/	b/
Total cattle (dutiable) ...	No.	596	241	13	3
Cattle, free (for breeding)	No.	19	12	2	1
Hogs, (except for breeding)	Lb.	13	2	2	b/
Butter	Lb.	2,480	1,731	158	20
Cheese:					
Swiss	Lb.	694	987	287	0
Cheddar	Lb.	65	60	5	b/
Other cheese	Lb.	16,994	7,072	1,400	183
Total cheese	Lb.	17,753	8,119	1,692	183
Eggs and egg products, dried	Lb.	122	18	0	b/
Eggs and egg products, frozen, etc.	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Meats:					
Beef and veal, fresh or frozen ..	Lb.	2,189	1,762	63	163
Beef, canned, including corned ..	Lb.	88,589	42,398	11,335	4,491
Pork, fresh and frozen	Lb.	25	4	3	0
Hams, shoulders and bacon	Lb.	2,817	42	280	b/
Tallow	Lb.	32,085	66,308	3,158	10,023
Wool, unmanufactured c/	Lb.	764,690	468,488	70,647	42,287
Grains:					
Corn	Bu.	181	3,657	6	2,634
Oats	Bu.	66,005	64,247	6,341	9,327
Rye	Bu.	1,462	8,219	19	283
Wheat d/	Bu.	19,853	113,697	8,021	8,848
Barley malt	Lb.	31,798	4,122	3,766	76
Oilseeds:					
Copra	Lb.	181,286	138,803	2,668	19,395
Flaxseed	Bu.	5,960	1,582	1,737	497
Oils, vegetable:					
Coconut oil	Lb.	42,771	46,828	0	9,479
Palm oil	Lb.	44,042	49,984	2,726	10,120
Perilla oil	Lb.	393	0	0	0
Tung oil	Lb.	68	1,771	0	0
Sugar, excluding beet . (2,000 lb.)	Ton	2,453	2,790	271	265
Molasses	Gal.	93,900	256,931	15,536	15,769

a/ Corrected to November 15, 1944. b/ Less than 500. c/ Excludes wool, free in bond for use in carpets, etc. d/ Excludes wheat for milling bond and export.

